



UNIVERSIDAD DE CÓRDOBA



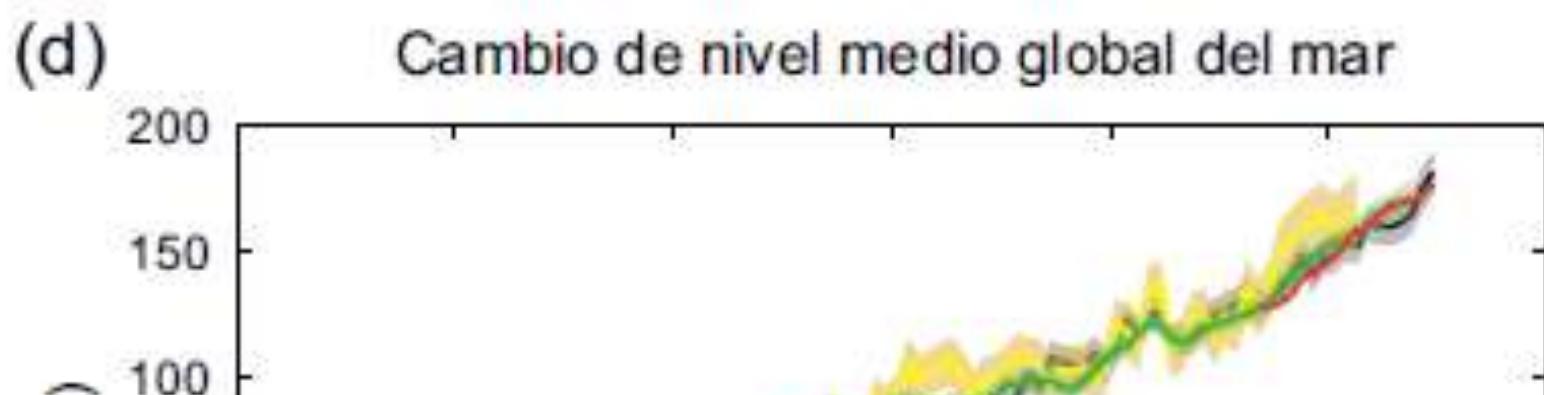
Cambio climático y recursos hídricos en la agricultura

Elías Fereres

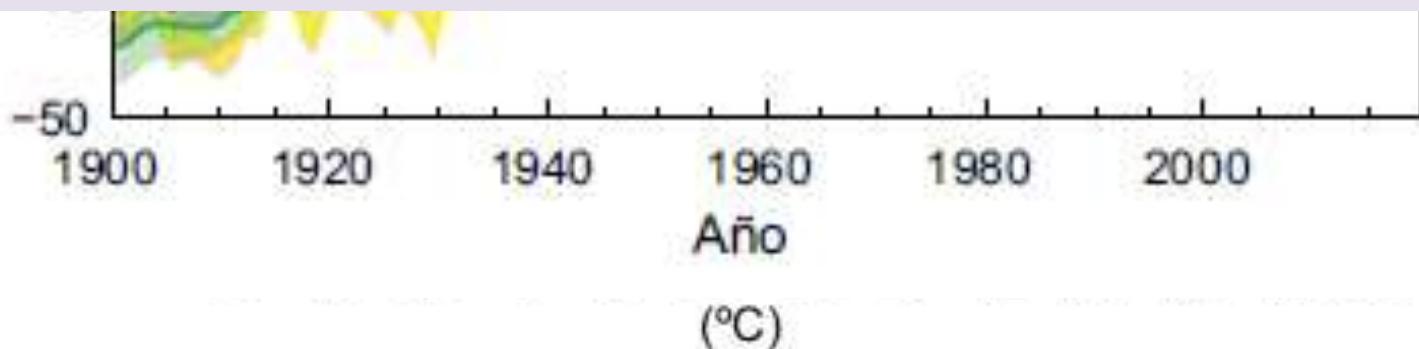
Presidente de la Real Academia de Ingeniería

¿ QUÉ ESTÁ PASANDO?

- LA TEMPERATURA DE LA SUPERFICIE DEL PLANETA AUMENTA
 - EL NIVEL DEL MAR SE ELEVA



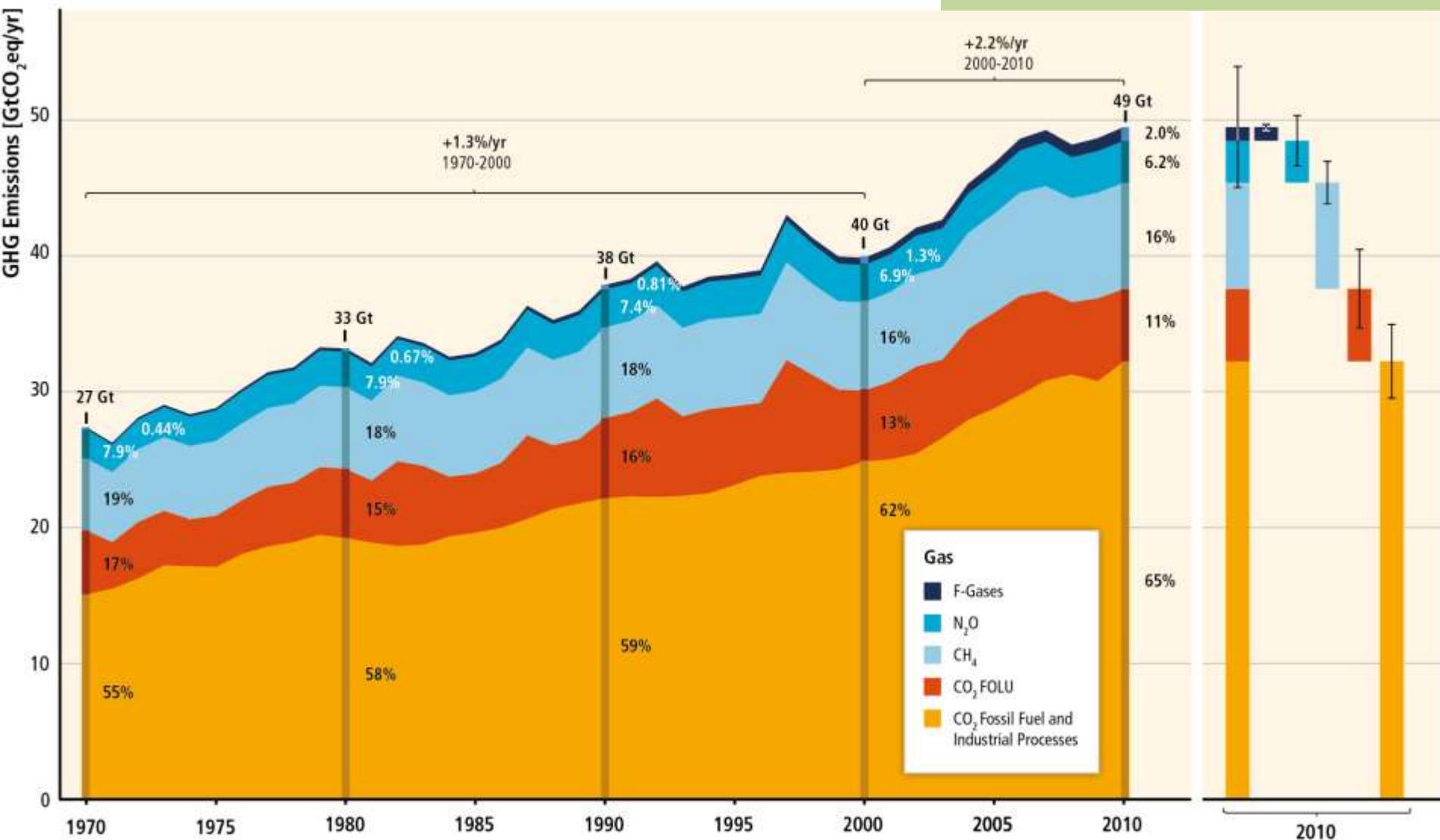
EL CALENTAMIENTO GLOBAL Y SUS EFECTOS EN EL SISTEMA AGRICULTURA-AGUA



IPCC-AR5, 2013

¿ CAUSAS?

Total Annual Anthropogenic GHG Emissions by Groups of Gases 1970-2010





¿CÓMO AFECTA EL CALENTAMIENTO GLOBAL AL CICLO HIDROLÓGICO?

Modelos hidrológicos globales

LOS MODELOS SE ALIMENTAN DE NÚMEROS, DE NÚMEROS FIABLES

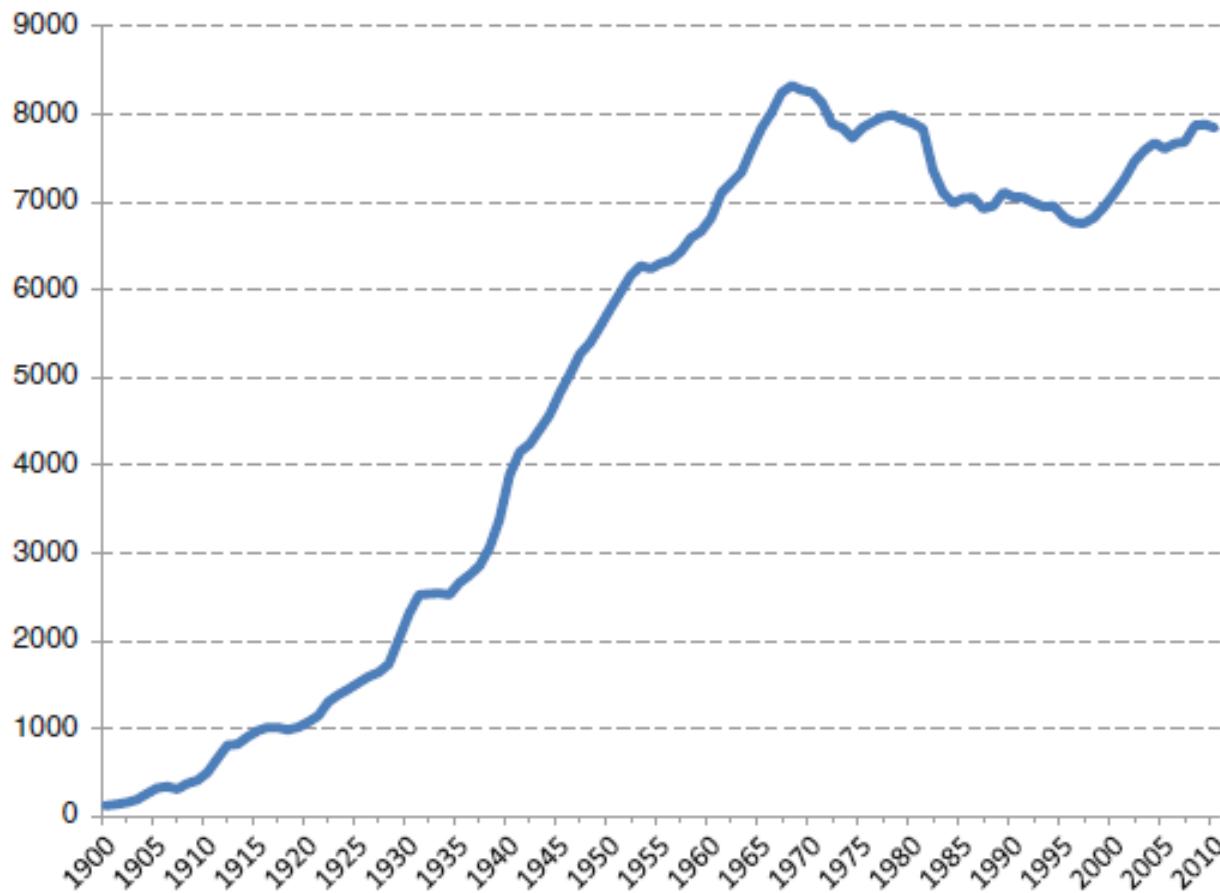


Fig. 1 The number of active USGS streamgages from 1900 to 2010. <http://water.usgs.gov/nsip/history1.html>

Gleick et al., 2012

Availability of historical discharge data in the GRDC database



Number of stations per year currently represented in the GRDC database



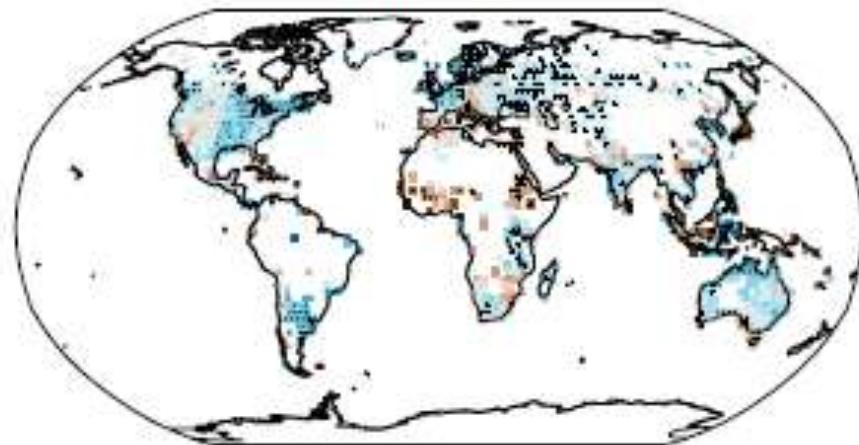
Fig. 2 Availability of historical discharge data in the GRDC database by year (number of stations per year represented in the GRDC database) http://www.bafg.de/cln_031/nn_266918/GRDC/EN/02__Services/services_node.html?__nnn=true

¿CÓMO AFECTA EL CALENTAMIENTO GLOBAL AL CICLO HIDRÓLOGICO?

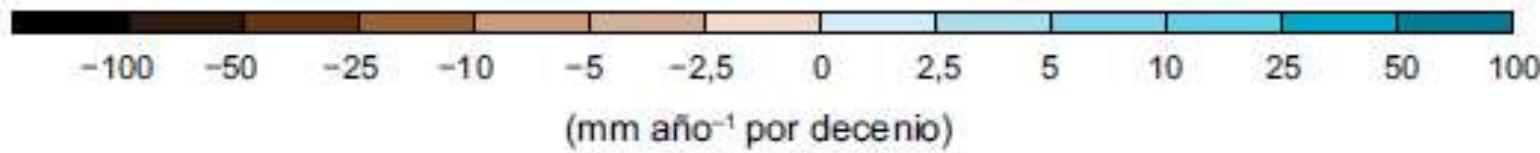
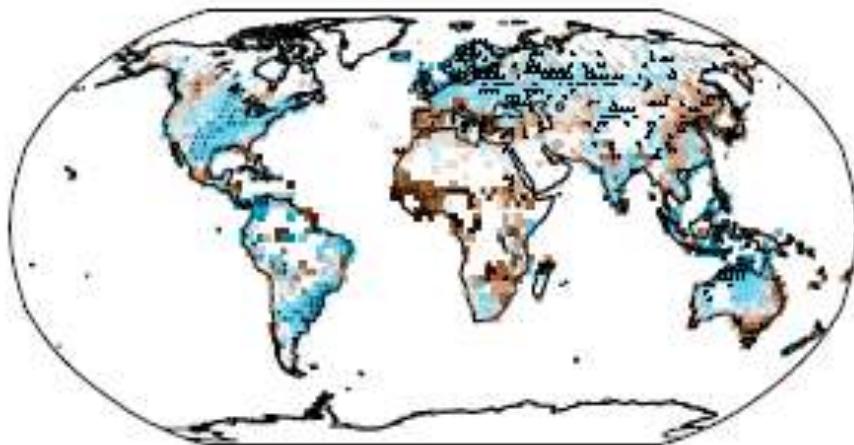
1. ¿A LA PRECIPITACIÓN?

Cambio observado en la precipitación anual sobre tierra.

1901– 2010



1951–2010



¿CÓMO AFECTA EL CALENTAMIENTO GLOBAL AL CICLO HIDRÓLOGICO?

1. ¿A LA PRECIPITACIÓN?

2. ¿AL USO CONSUNTIVO O EVAPOTRANSPIRACIÓN?

Aumento de la evapotranspiración de referencia (ET₀) en función de la temperatura

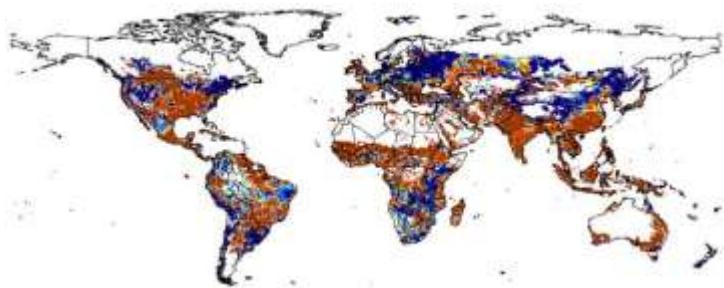
El cambio en el uso consuntivo de los cultivos, sometido a dos tendencias opuestas:

- cierre estomático parcial debido al aumento del CO₂ (menor T)
- Aumento de la ET₀ (mayor T)

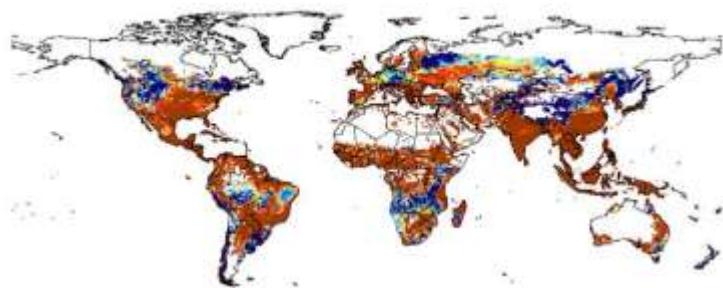
- Efecto del grado de acoplamiento del dosel vegetal
- Datos empíricos de los experimento FACE

Figure 2. The impacts of climate change on consumptive water use (CWU).

a) Impacts of Climate Change on Consumptive Water Use (2030s)

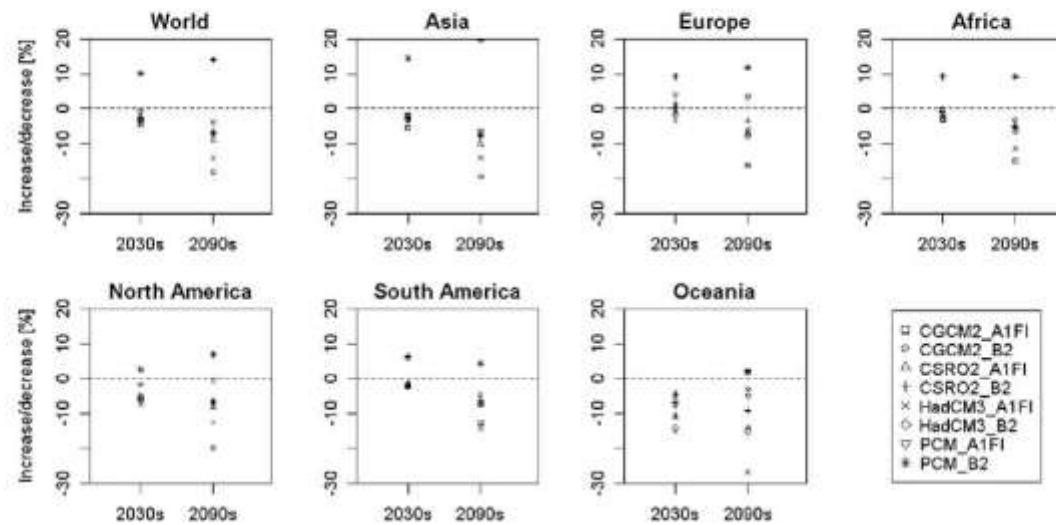


b) Impacts of Climate Change on Consumptive Water Use (2090s)



■ Decrease with high confidence ■ Decrease with low confidence ■ Increase with low confidence ■ Increase with high confidence
 ■ Decrease with medium confidence ■ Increase/decrease mix ■ Increase with medium confidence ■ Country Boundary

c) Impacts of Climate Change on Consumptive Water Use: Global and Continental Averages



□ CGCM2_A1FI
 ▽ CGCM2_B2
 △ CSIRO2_A1FI
 + CSIRO2_B2
 × HadCM3_A1FI
 ◇ HadCM3_B2
 ▽ PCM_A1FI
 * PCM_B2

Liu J, Folberth C, Yang H, Röckström J, et al. (2013) A Global and Spatially Explicit Assessment of Climate Change Impacts on Crop Production and Consumptive Water Use. PLoS ONE 8(2): e57750. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0057750

<http://www.plosone.org/article/info:doi/10.1371/journal.pone.0057750>

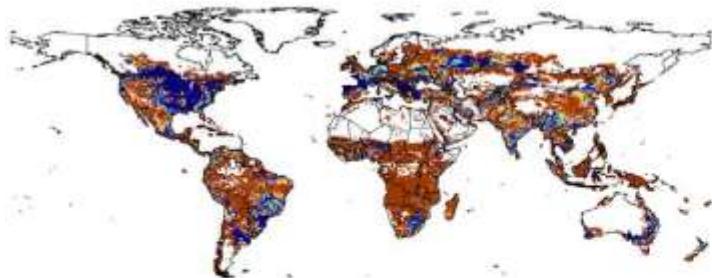
¿CÓMO AFECTA EL CALENTAMIENTO GLOBAL AL CICLO HIDRÓLOGICO?

- 1. ¿A LA PRECIPITACIÓN?**
- 2. ¿AL USO CONSUNTIVO O EVAPOTRANSPIRACIÓN?**
- 3. ¿A LOS RECURSOS HÍDRICOS DISPONIBLES PARA LA AGRICULTURA?**

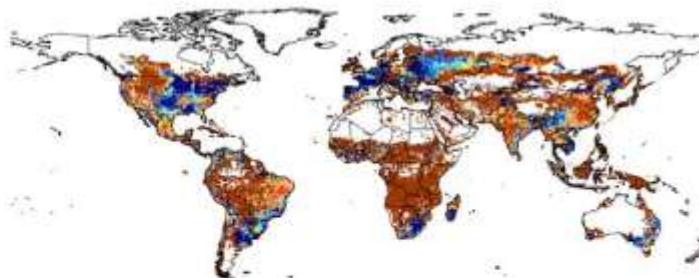
Independientemente del calentamiento global, nos espera un futuro de escasez

Figure 3. The impacts of climate change on irrigation water proportion.

a) Impacts of Climate Change on Irrigation Water Proportion (2030s)

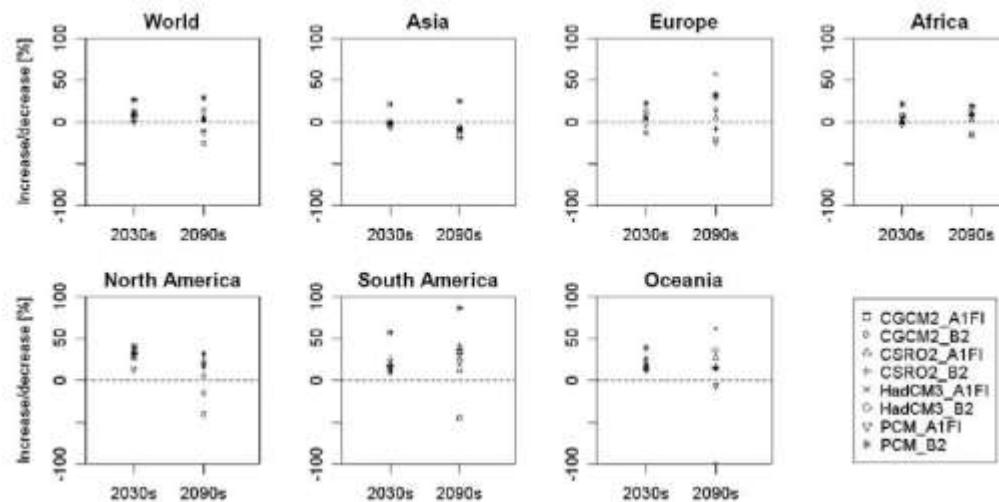


b) Impacts of Climate Change on Irrigation Water Proportion (2090s)



■ Decrease with high confidence ■ Decrease with low confidence ■ Increase with low confidence ■ Increase with high confidence
■ Decrease with medium confidence ■ Increase/decrease mix ■ Increase with medium confidence ■ Country Boundary

c) Impacts of Climate Change on Irrigation Water Proportion: Global and Continental Averages



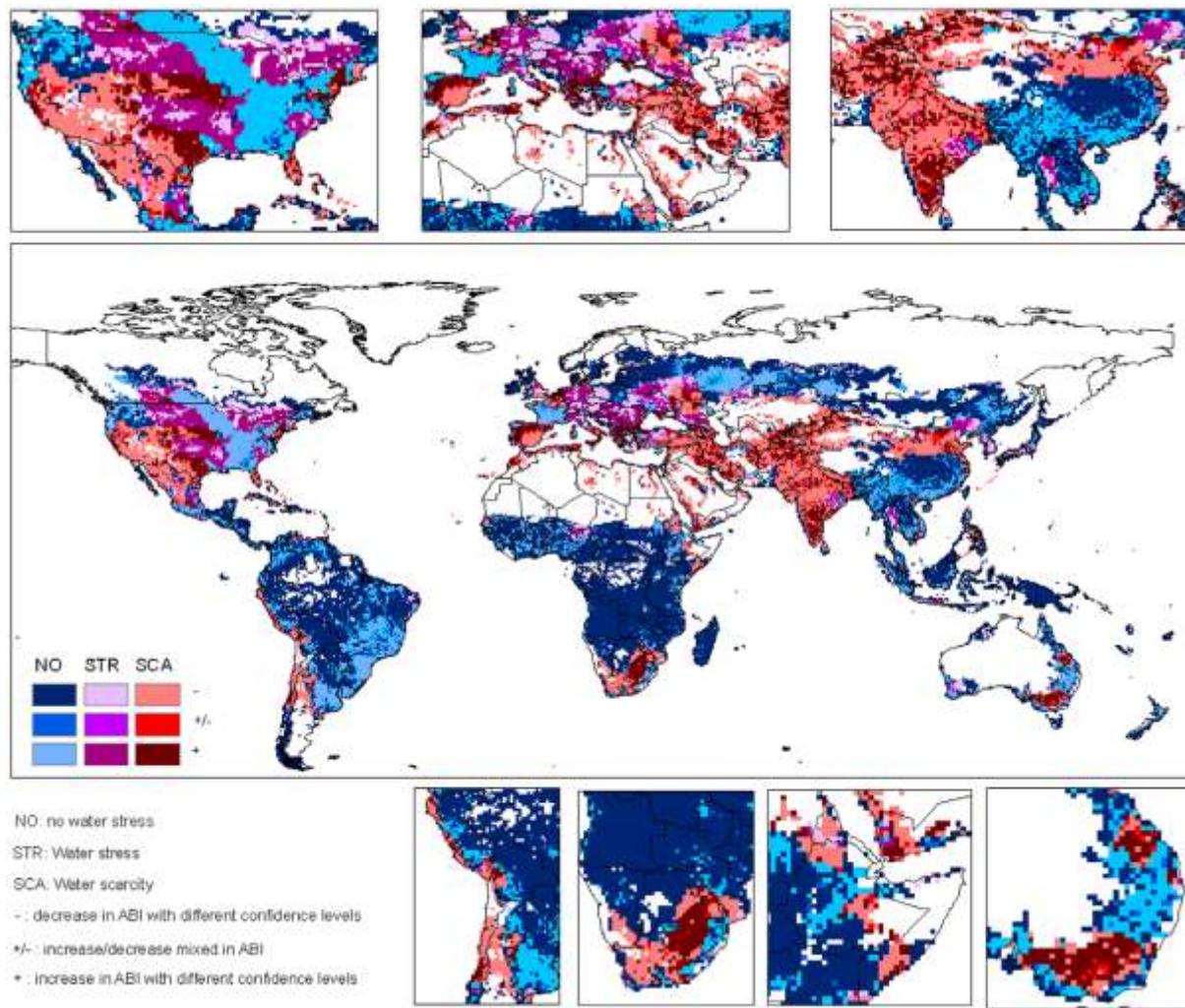
Liu J, Folberth C, Yang H, Röckström J, et al. (2013) A Global and Spatially Explicit Assessment of Climate Change Impacts on Crop Production and Consumptive Water Use. PLoS ONE 8(2): e57750. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0057750
<http://www.plosone.org/article/info:doi/10.1371/journal.pone.0057750>

¿CÓMO AFECTA EL CALENTAMIENTO GLOBAL AL CICLO HIDRÓLOGICO?

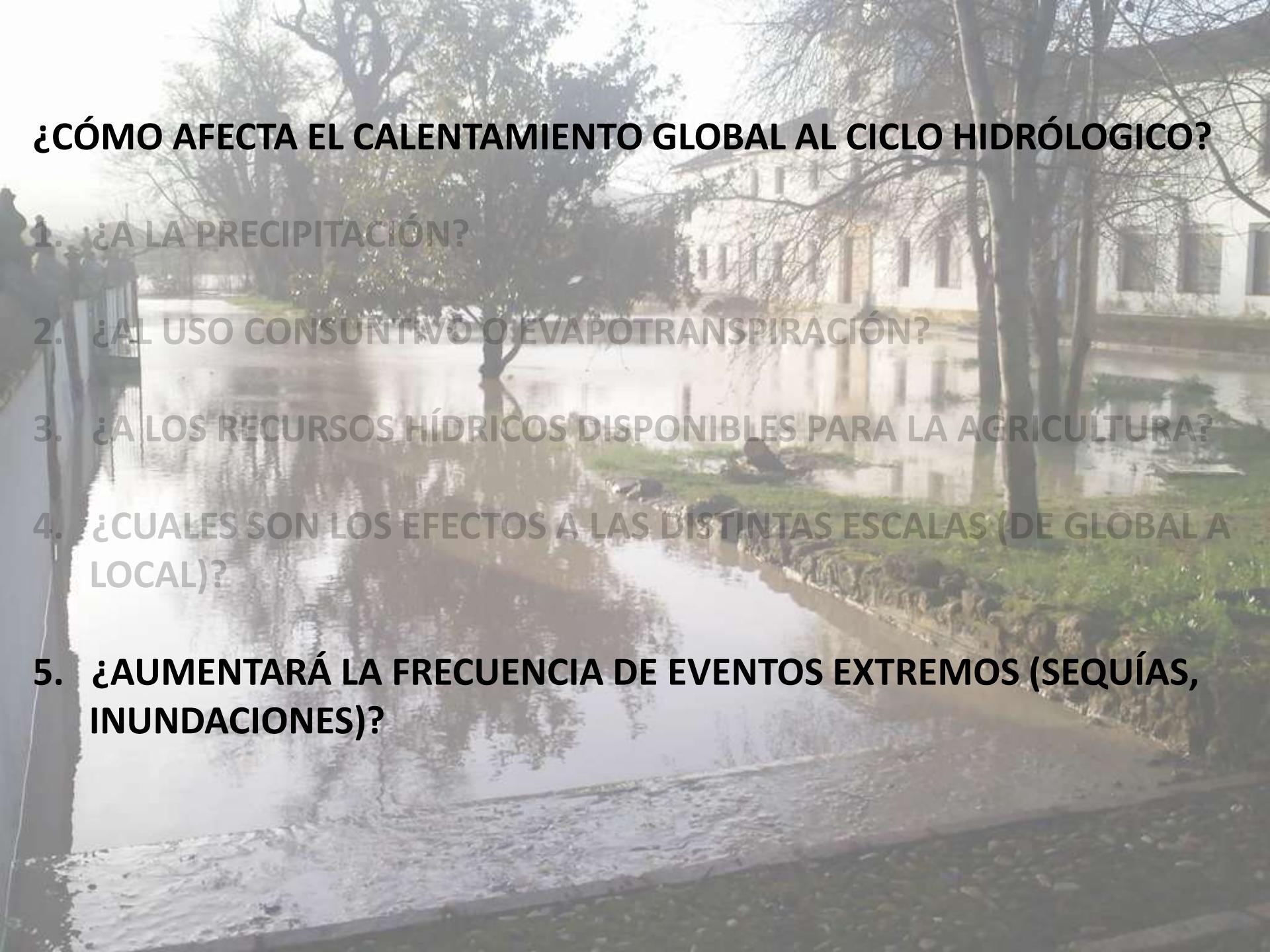
- 1. ¿A LA PRECIPITACIÓN?**
- 2. ¿AL USO CONSUNTIVO O EVAPOTRANSPIRACIÓN?**
- 3. ¿A LOS RECURSOS HÍDRICOS DISPONIBLES PARA LA AGRICULTURA?**
- 4. ¿CUALES SON LOS EFECTOS A LAS DISTINTAS ESCALAS (DE GLOBAL A LOCAL)?**

La incertidumbre aumenta a medida que disminuye la escala

Figure 4. Change of irrigation water proportion in the 2030s in relation to water scarcity.



Liu J, Folberth C, Yang H, Röckström J, et al. (2013) A Global and Spatially Explicit Assessment of Climate Change Impacts on Crop Production and Consumptive Water Use. PLoS ONE 8(2): e57750. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0057750
<http://www.plosone.org/article/info:doi/10.1371/journal.pone.0057750>

A photograph showing a severe flooding event. A street is completely submerged in muddy water, with houses and trees standing in the background. The water level is high enough to cover the lower parts of the buildings and the trunks of the trees.

¿CÓMO AFECTA EL CALENTAMIENTO GLOBAL AL CICLO HIDRÓLOGICO?

1. ¿A LA PRECIPITACIÓN?
2. ¿AL USO CONSUNTIVO O EVAPOTRANSPIRACIÓN?
3. ¿A LOS RECURSOS HÍDRICOS DISPONIBLES PARA LA AGRICULTURA?
4. ¿CUALES SON LOS EFECTOS A LAS DISTINTAS ESCALAS (DE GLOBAL A LOCAL)?
5. ¿AUMENTARÁ LA FRECUENCIA DE EVENTOS EXTREMOS (SEQUÍAS, INUNDACIONES)?

An intensification of existing patterns of global mean surface E-P is found along with enhancements to extreme events such as droughts and floods in available 21st-century climate projections, forced by anthropogenic greenhouse gases (GHGs) from the Coupled Model Intercomparison Project Phase 3. This has been labeled the “rich get richer” mechanism, where wet areas (compared with the global mean) get wetter and dry regions drier. There is, however, little consistency in the seasonal changes provided by model projections and poor agreement when compared with regional observational estimates

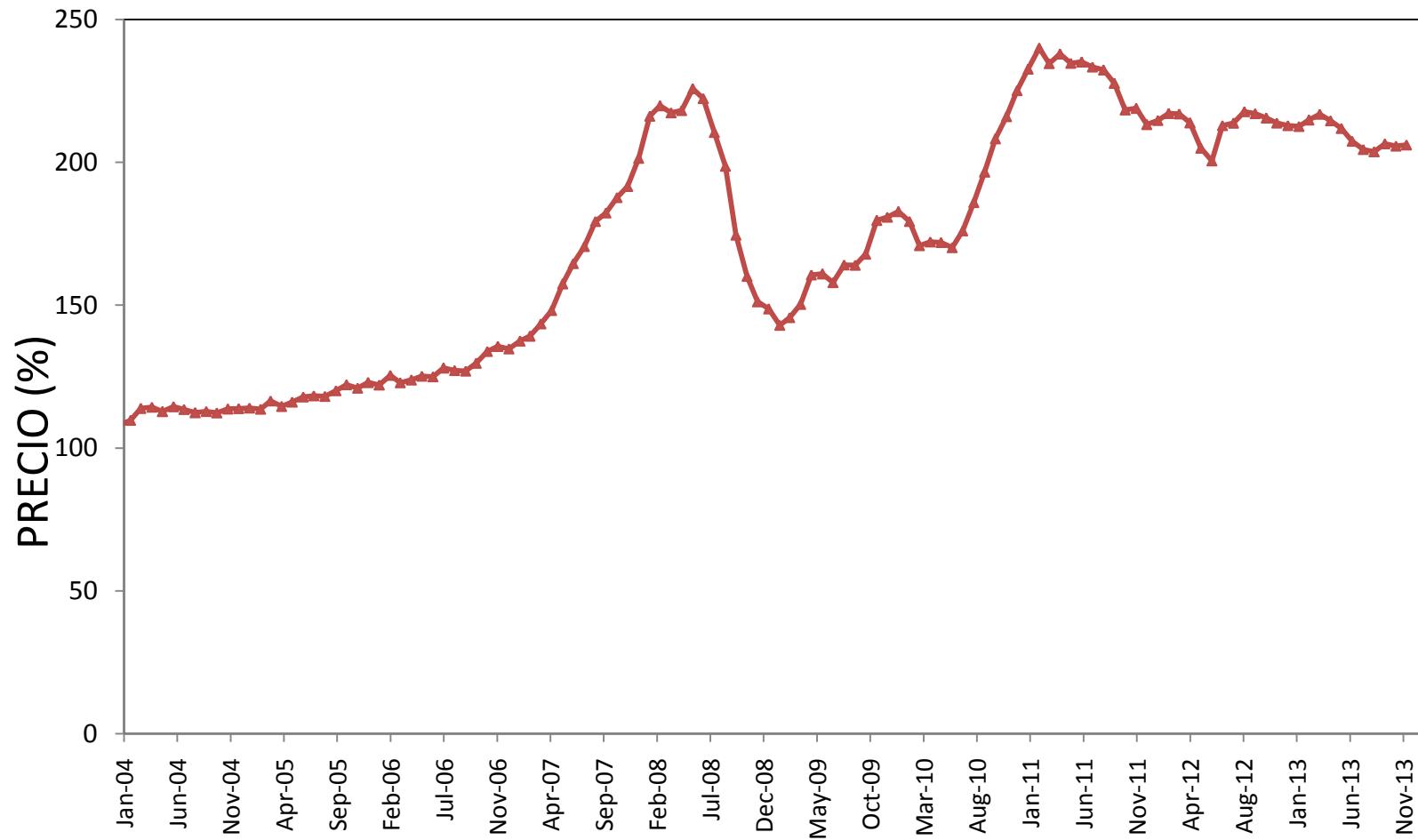
(Durack et al., 2013)

GRAN INCERTIDUMBRE---ADAPTACIÓN

¿CÓMO AFECTARÁ A LA PRODUCCION AGRARIA Y A LA SEGURIDAD ALIMENTARIA?



PRECIO RELATIVO DE LOS ALIMENTOS EN LOS ÚLTIMOS 10 AÑOS



(fuente: FAO, 2014)

IPCC_AR5_Capítulo 7_31-03-2014

Drivers

Responses

Climate & atmosphere

Temperature

Production aspects

Crops

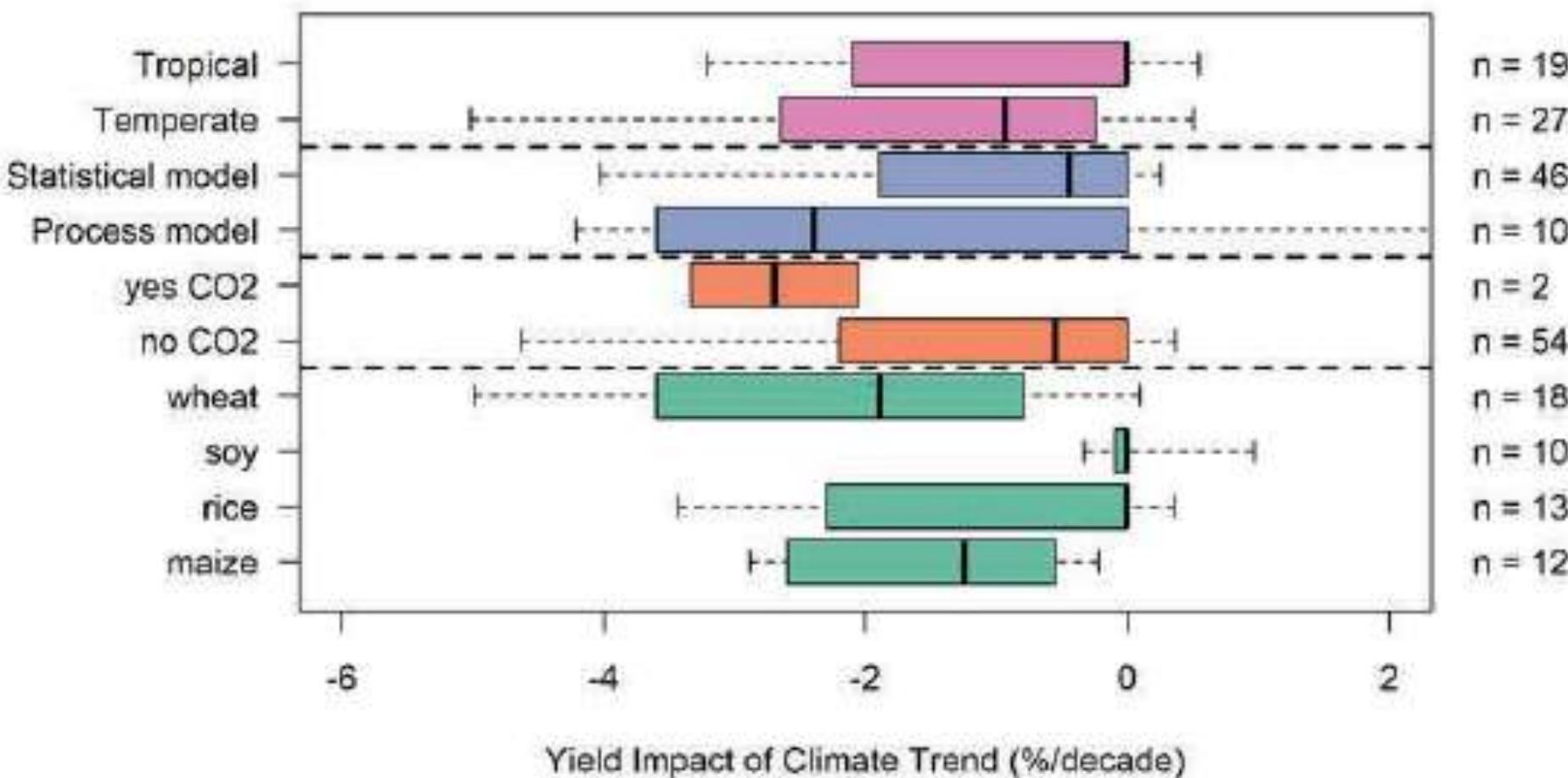
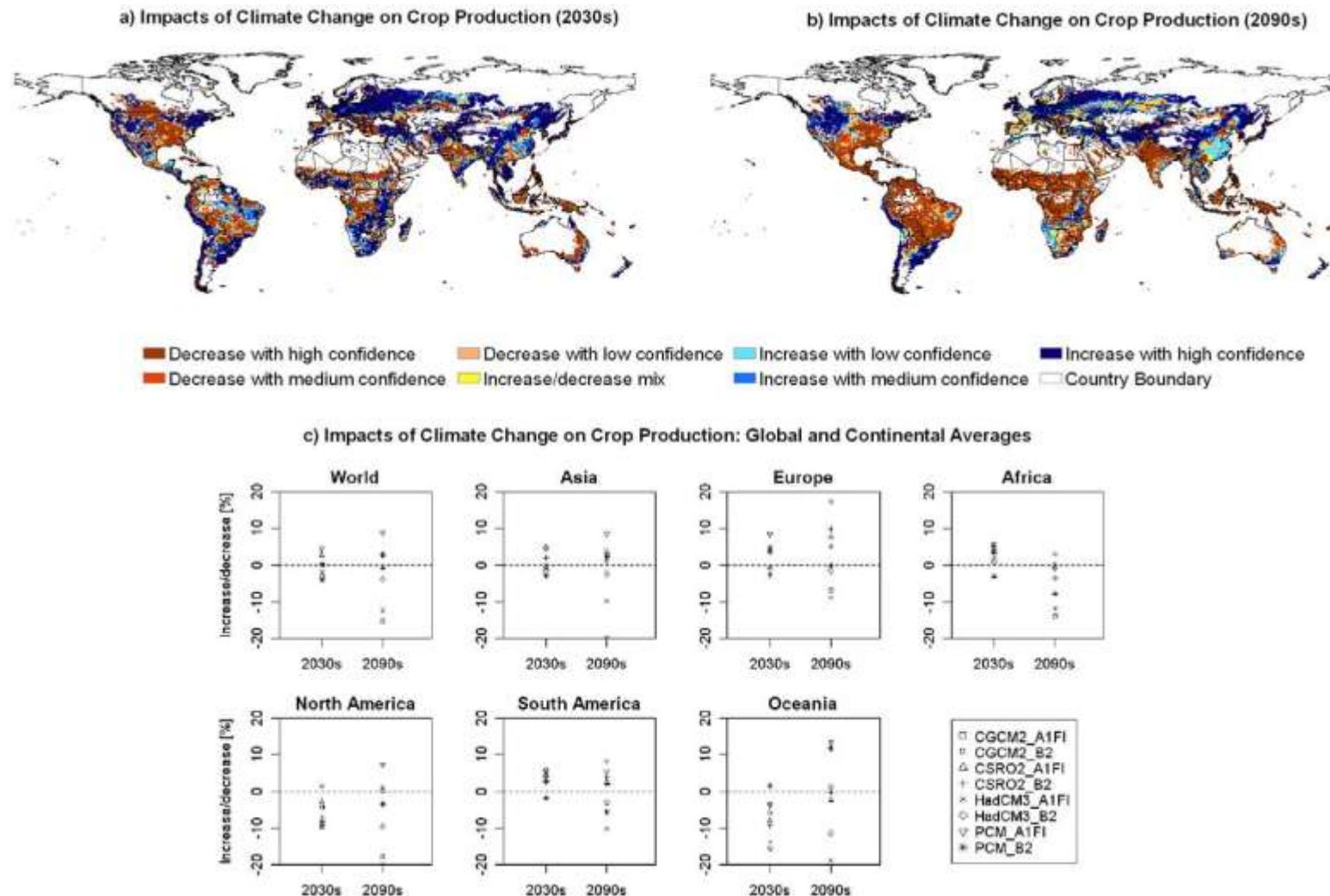


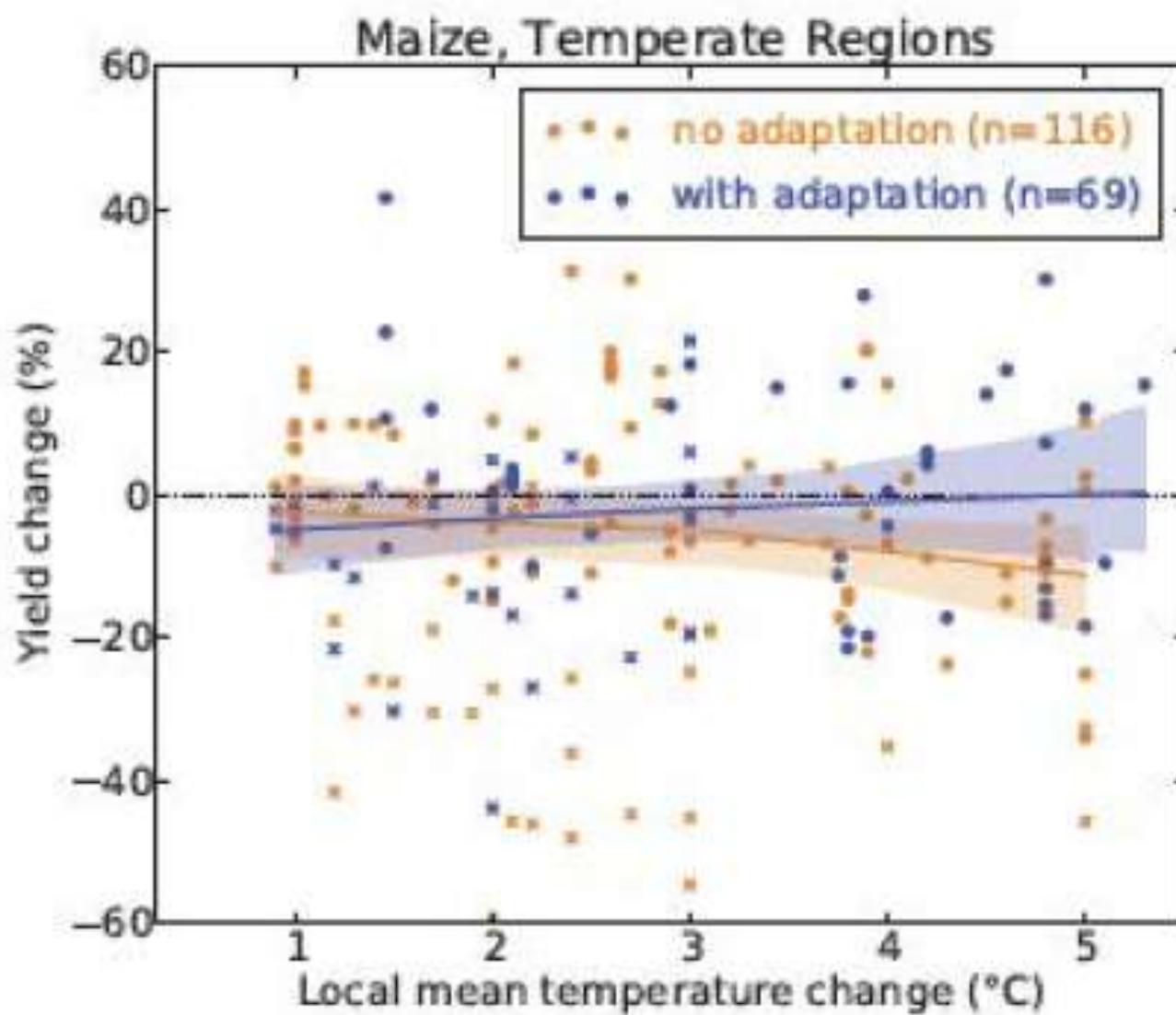
Figure 1. The impacts of climate change on crop production.



Liu J, Folberth C, Yang H, Röckström J, et al. (2013) A Global and Spatially Explicit Assessment of Climate Change Impacts on Crop Production and Consumptive Water Use. PLoS ONE 8(2): e57750. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0057750
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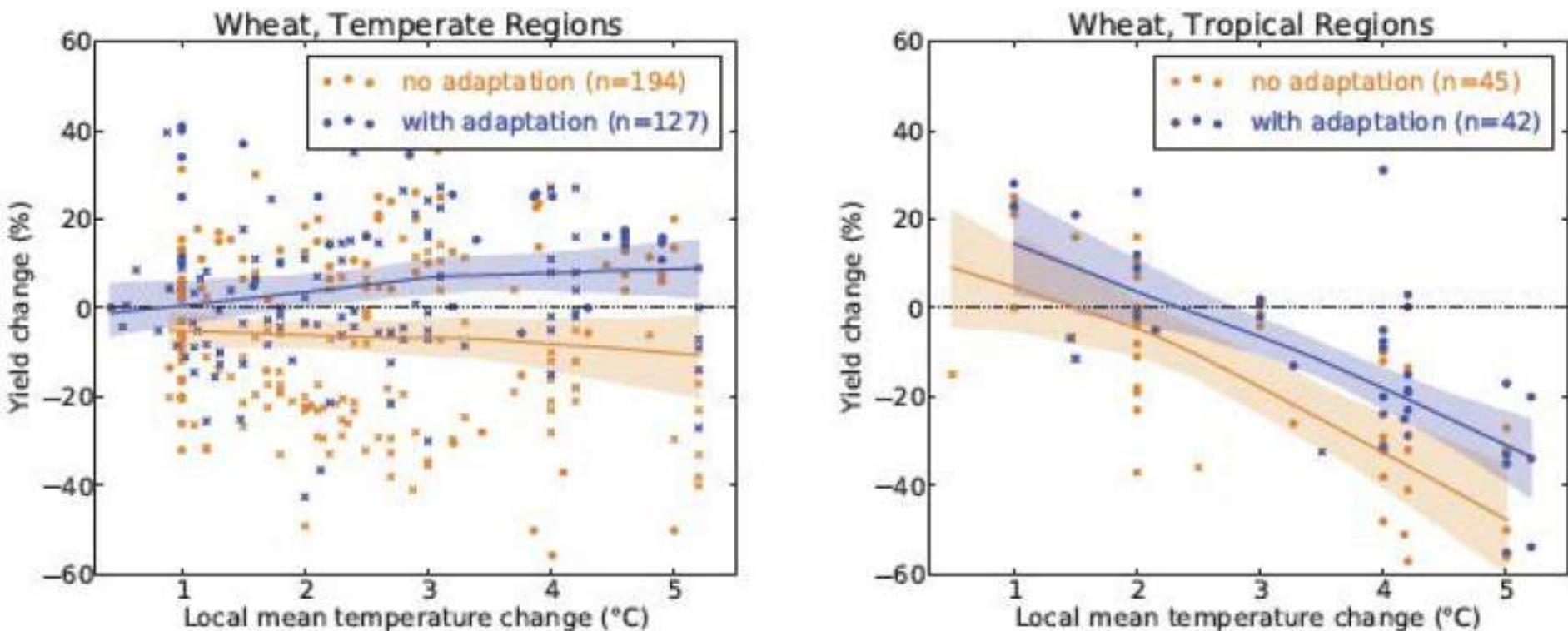
The background of the image is a close-up, slightly blurred view of a field of green crops, possibly corn or sugar cane. The plants have long, narrow, blade-like leaves that curve slightly downwards. The lighting suggests a bright, sunny day.

**¿PODRÁ LA AGRICULTURA
ADAPTARSE AL
CALENTAMIENTO GLOBAL?**



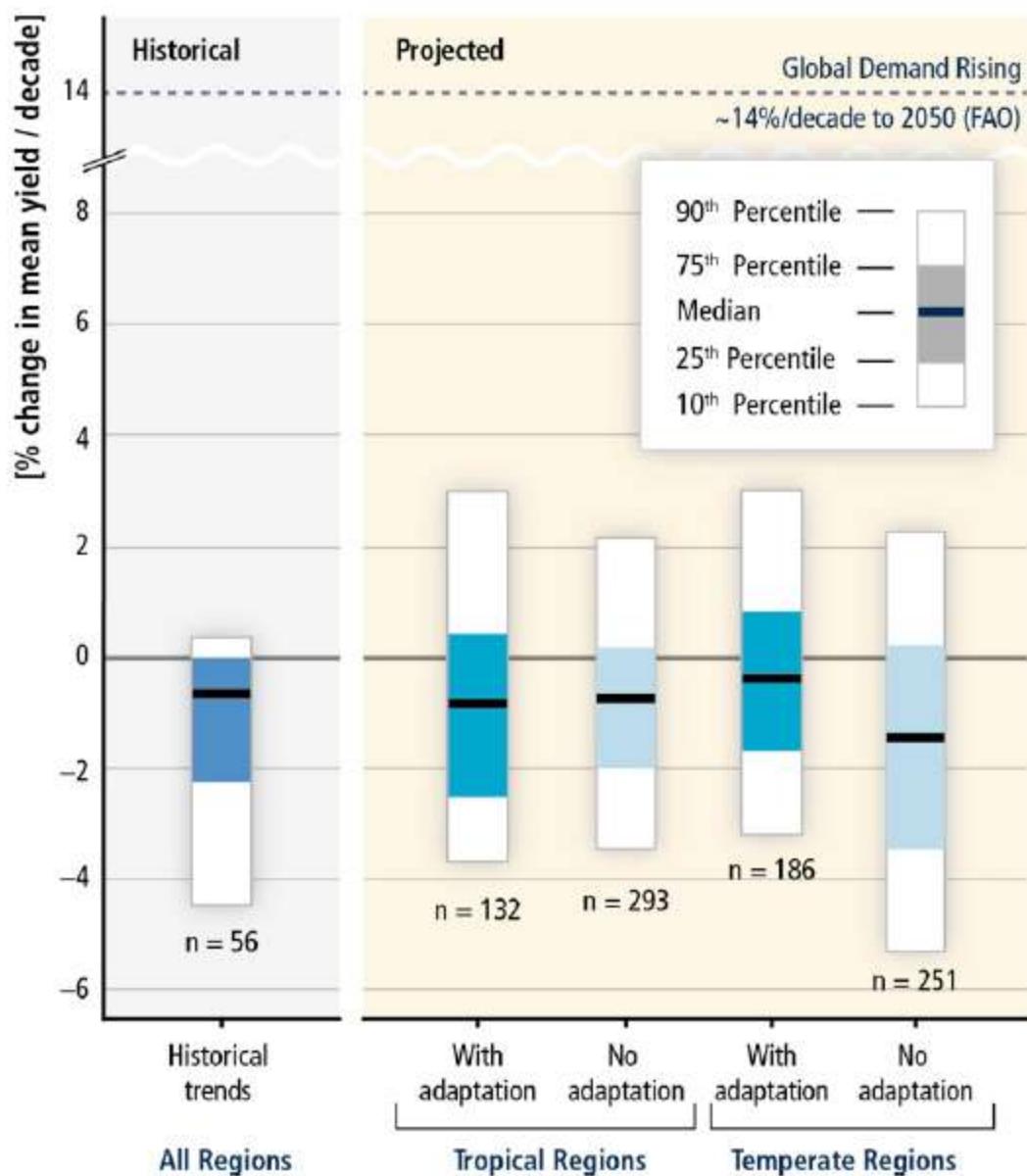
Resultado de las simulaciones para distintas regiones (AR5_Marzo2014)

TRIGO

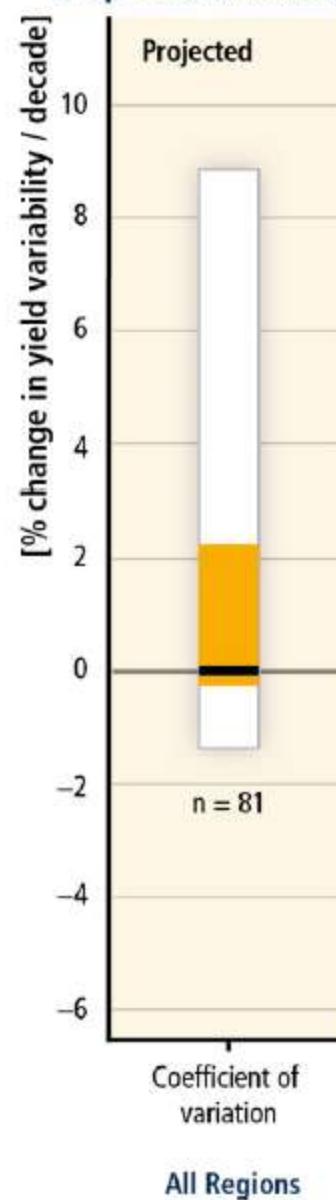


Resultado de las simulaciones para distintas regiones (AR5_Marzo2014)

(a) Impact of Climate Trend on Mean Crop Yield



(b) Impact on Year-to-year Crop Yield Variability

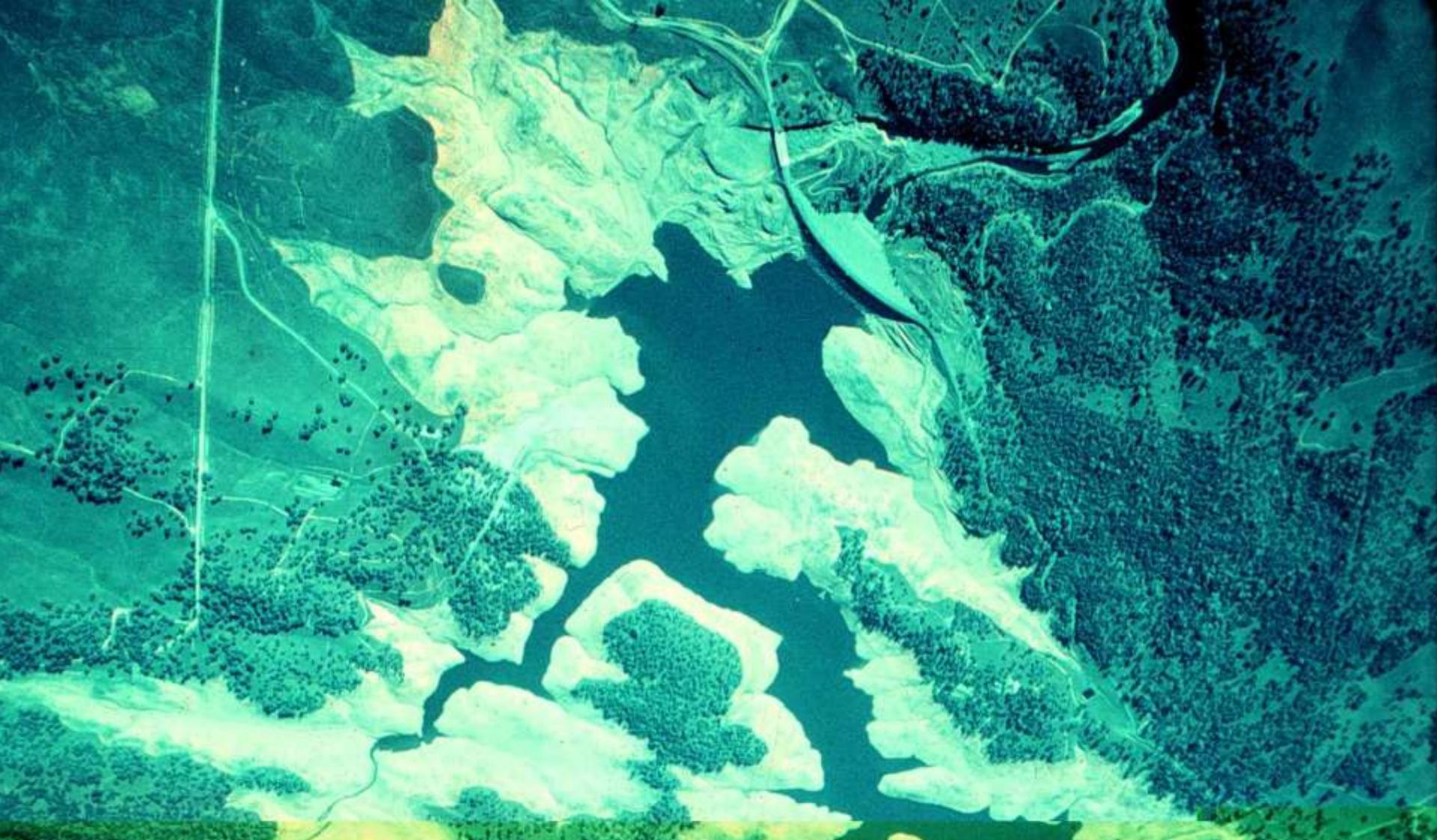


EN RESUMEN: A range of potential adaptation options exist across all food system activities, not just in food production, but benefits from potential innovations in food processing, packaging, transport, storage and trade are insufficiently researched. (IPCC, Marzo, 2014)

OTROS DESAFÍOS:

**INCREMENTO DE LA DEMANDA DE ALIMENTOS
DIFICULTAD PARA SEGUIR AUMENTANDO LOS RENDIMIENTOS
VOLATILIDAD EN LOS PRECIOS DE LOS ALIMENTOS
COMPETENCIA CON LA PRODUCCIÓN DE BIOENERGÍA**

Bioenergy can play a critical role for mitigation, but there are issues to consider, such as the sustainability of practices and the efficiency of bioenergy systems. The scientific debate about the overall climate impact related to land use competition effects of specific bioenergy pathways remains unresolved. (IPCC, Abril, 2014)



La optimización de una cantidad limitada de agua para riego será ya un imperativo en el futuro